

3° FORESTS– BOSQUES–SACHA– WÄLDER



South–North Knowledge
Dialogues Rights of Nature



The history of humans and
the history of forests is
deeply entangled.

Synthesis of
knowledges

Forests are a
continous
network of
living beings.



Forests need the rights to
live, to recreate, to
evolve, to belong to
themselves, and to sue,
when others violate
these rights.



A healthy forest
can provide better
ecosystem
services for
humans and
planet.

Practical
Implications



Kawasak Sacha, the
living forest, is an
opportunity to
understand and
create relationships
with nature.



People who live with
forests should be the
ones, who decide
about the rights of
forests.

Potentials and
Limitations

Doing law does not
necessarily mean
doing justice.



Common good for many vs.
common bad for others
(humans and nature).

Forest rights are
equally limited by
human interests as
is forest protection.



Principles instead of
rights?

